



## RFP #1: Fire Alarm System Design, Hardware & Wiring and Installation

### RFP Timeline

- RFP released: February 11, 2021
- Walk-through of Building: 9:00 am on February 17, 2021
- Preliminary Questions Due: by 1:00 pm, February 19, 2021
- Final Questions Due: by 1:00 pm, February 22, 2021
- Proposals Due: 2:00 pm, Friday, February 26, 2021
- Evaluation of Proposals: 2-3 weeks
- Notice of Award: Board of Education Meeting on March 10, 2021

### Contact Information

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The Rosholt School District will be accepting proposals from qualified fire alarm service firms, electrical engineering firms and other qualified firms to perform fire alarm system design and installation work at the Rosholt Schools campus. The successful firm will be required to supply plan design and engineering, system materials, wiring and installation of a new Voice Addressable Fire Alarm System.

A walk-through will be held at 9:00 AM, central time, on February 17, 2021, at Rosholt School District (meet at High School Office entry at 346 W. Randolph Street) to view the existing fire alarm and protection system conditions prior to submitting a proposal. The School District will not be responsible for incorrect assumptions or mistakes in the submittals made by firms not inspecting the facility and existing conditions.

Questions on this project may be directed to Mr. Tom Richter, Buildings and Grounds Supervisor, at

715.677.4542 or Dr. Christopher Thompson, District Administrator, at 715.677.4542. **Proposals shall be delivered, emailed or mailed to Dr. Christopher Thompson, District Administrator, Rosholt School District, PO Box 310, Rosholt, WI 54473 or chthompson@rosholt.k12.wi.us by 2:00 p.m. on February 26, 2021, at which place (District Office) and time they will be opened and read aloud.** Please clearly mark “**Fire Alarm System**” on the envelope.

**Location:**

The Rosholt School District (all school buildings) is located at 346 W. Randolph Street, Rosholt, WI 54473.

**Project Timeline:**

These dates are estimates and are subject to change:

RFP available:	02/11/2021
Walk-through:	02/17/2021
RFP due:	02/26/2021
Notification of Selected Contractor:	03/11/2021
Planning/Obtaining State Approval by:	05/21/2021
Construction Phase to begin:	06/07/2021
Substantial Completion by:	07/30/2021
Project completed by:	08/20/2021

**Description of the Work:**

The scope of this project is to provide plan design drawings and provide materials (hardware and software), wiring, installation and project oversight services to the Rosholt School District for a new Voice Addressable Fire Alarm System at the Rosholt Schools campus.

NOTE: The Fire Alarm project will need to be designed and constructed fully knowing the system needs to be able to be expandable with any future building addition, expansion or remodeling.

It is understood and agreed that the basis for award of this proposal will be the quality of your submittal along with the total cost for your firm to perform the work outlined above. Your firm is expected to anticipate the usual and customary design work, costs and expense in doing the project and will not hold the School District liable for any typical work required but not stated in this Request for Proposals.

Rosholt School District reserves the right to reject any and all proposals and the right to disregard any and all nonconforming proposals. The School District will award the work to the firm based upon the proposal which will best serve the interests of their organization.

## Part I - General

### 1.1 Related Documents

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions apply to this section.
- B. The system and all associated operations shall be in accordance with the current adopted versions of the following:
  - a. Requirements of the following Model Building Code
  - b. Requirements of the following Model Fire Code: IFC, NFPA 1
  - c. NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm Code
  - d. NFPA 70, National Electrical Code
  - e. NFPA 101, Life Safety Code
  - f. NFPA 90A, Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems
  - g. Local Jurisdictional Adopted Codes and Standards
  - h. ADA Accessibility Guidelines
- C. Please note that the device layout on the building print is a minimum device layout and any additional equipment needed to meet the state approval are to be included in the contractors bid to the customer.

### 1.2 Summary

- A. This Section covers fire alarm systems, including initiating devices, notification appliances, controls, and supervisory devices.
- B. Work covered by this section includes the furnishing of labor, equipment, and materials for installation of the fire alarm system as indicated on the drawings and specifications.
- C. The Fire Alarm System shall consist of all necessary hardware equipment and software programming to perform the following functions:
  - a. Fire alarm system detection and notification operations.
  - b. Control and monitoring of elevators, door hold-open devices and other equipment as indicated in the drawings and specifications.
  - c. One-way supervised automatic voice alarm operations.

### 1.3 Definitions

- A. ADA: Americans with Disabilities Act
- B. AHJ: Authority Having Jurisdiction
- C. ANSI: American National Standards Institute
- D. ASME: American Society of Mechanical Engineers
- E. FACU: Fire Alarm Control Unit
- F. FM: Factory Mutual
- G. IBC: International Building Code
- H. ICC: International Code Council
- I. IDC: Initiating Device Circuit
- J. IEEE: Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
- K. IFC: International Fire Code
- L. IMC: International Mechanical Code

- M. IRI: Industrial Risk Insurers
- N. LED: Light-emitting diode.
- O. NAC: Notification Appliance Circuit
- P. NFPA: National Fire Protection Association
- Q. NICET: National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies.
- R. RAC: Releasing Appliance Circuit
- S. SLC: Signaling Line Circuit
- T. UL: Underwriters Laboratories
- U. ULC: Underwriters Laboratories, Canada

#### 1.4 Scope of Work

Supply and install a new fire alarm system with both addressable initiating and addressable notification device as required in this specification. Work is to be completed prior to school starting in the fall of 2021. Proposal to be a turnkey price to include electrical installation, all required materials, programming, testing, certification and customer training of the system.

#### 1.5 System Description

- A. General: Provide a complete, non-coded addressable, microprocessor-based fire alarm system with initiating devices, notification appliances, and monitoring and control devices as indicated on the drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Power Requirements:
  - a. The control unit shall receive AC power via a dedicated fused disconnect circuit.
  - b. The system shall be provided with sufficient battery capacity to operate the entire system upon loss of normal AC power in a normal supervisory mode for a period of 24 hours with 5 minutes of alarm operation at the end of this period. The system shall automatically transfer to battery standby upon power failure. All battery charging and recharging operations shall be automatic.
  - c. All circuits requiring system-operating power shall be 24 VDC nominal voltage and shall be individually fused at the control unit.
  - d. The incoming power to the system shall be supervised so that any power failure will be indicated at the control unit. A green "power on" LED shall be displayed continuously at the user interface while incoming power is present.
  - e. The system batteries shall be supervised so that a low battery or a depleted battery condition, or disconnection of the battery shall be indicated at the control unit and displayed for the specific fault type.
  - f. The system shall support NAC Lockout feature to prevent subsequent activation of Notification Appliance Circuits after a Depleted Battery condition occurs in order to make use of battery reserve for front panel annunciation and control.
  - g. The system shall support 100% of addressable devices in alarm or operated at the same time, under both primary (AC) and secondary (battery) power conditions.
  - h. Loss of primary power shall sound a trouble signal at the FACU. FACU shall indicate when the system is operating on an alternate power supply.
- C. Software: The fire alarm system shall allow for loading and editing instructions and operating sequences as necessary.

- a. The system shall be capable of on-site programming to accommodate system expansion and facilitate changes in operation.
  - b. All software operations shall be stored in a non-volatile programmable memory within the fire alarm control unit. Loss of primary and secondary power shall not erase the instructions stored in memory.
  - c. Panels shall be capable of full system operation during new site specific configuration download, master exec downloads, and slave exec downloads.
  - d. Remote panel site-specific software and executive firmware downloads shall be capable of being performed over proprietary fire alarm network communications.
  - e. Panels shall automatically store all program changes to the panel's non-volatile memory each time a new program is downloaded. Panels shall be capable of storing the active site-specific configuration program and no less than 9 previous revisions in reserve. A compare utility program shall also be available to authorized users to compare any two of the saved programs. The compare utility shall provide a deviation report highlighting the changes between the two compared programs.
  - f. Panels shall provide electronic file storage with a means to retrieve a record copy of the site-specific software and up to 9 previous revisions. Sufficient file storage shall be provided for other related system documentation such as record drawings, record of completion, owner's manuals, testing and maintenance records, etc.
  - g. The media used to store the record copy of site-specific software and other related system documentation shall be electrically supervised. If the media is removed a trouble shall be reported on the fire alarm control unit.
- D. History Logs: The system shall provide a means to recall alarms and trouble conditions in chronological order for the purpose of recreating an event history. A separate alarm and trouble log shall be provided.
- E. Recording of Events: The system shall be capable of recording all alarm, supervisory, and trouble events by means of system printer. The printout shall include the type of signal (alarm, supervisory, or trouble) the device identification, date and time of the occurrence. The printout shall differentiate alarm signals from all other printed indications.
- F. Wiring/Signal Transmission:
- a. Transmission shall be hard-wired using separate individual circuits for each zone of alarm operation, as required or addressable signal transmission, dedicated to fire alarm service only.
  - b. System connections for initiating device circuits shall be Class B, Style D, signaling line circuits shall be Class B, Style 4 and notification appliance circuits shall be Class B, Style Y.
  - c. Circuit Supervision: Circuit faults shall be indicated by a trouble signal at the FACU. Provide a distinctive indicating audible tone and alphanumeric annunciation.
  - d. Constant Supervision Audio: When provided, audio notification appliance circuits shall be supervised during standby by monitoring for DC continuity to end-of-line resistors.
- G. Supplemental Notification and Remote User Access (Fire Panel Internet Interface)
- a. Fire Alarm Control Unit (FACU) shall have the capability to provide supplemental notification and remote user access to the FACU using Ethernet and TCP/IP communications protocol compatible with IEEE Standard 802.3.

- b. A standard RJ-45 Ethernet connection shall connect to the owner's Ethernet network. Provisions for that connection must be provided at each fire alarm control unit as part of the contract.
- c. The means of providing supplemental email and SMS text messaging notification shall be agency listed for specific interfaces and for the purpose described in this section. The use of non-listed external third party products and interfaces is not acceptable.
- d. The fire panel internet interface shall be capable of sending automated notification of discrete system events via email and SMS text messaging to up to 50 individual user accounts and via email to up to 5 distribution lists.
- e. Each user account and distribution list shall be capable of being configurable for the specific type of events to be received. Each account shall be configurable to receive notification upon any combination of the following types of events:
  - i. Fire Alarm,
  - ii. Priority 2,
  - iii. Supervisory,
  - iv. Trouble,
  - v. Custom Action Messages,
- f. Each user account and distribution list shall be capable of being configurable for the specific content to be received. Each account shall be configurable to receive any combination of the following message content:
  - i. Summary,
  - ii. Event Information,
  - iii. Message,
  - iv. Emergency Contacts,
  - v. Host Fire Alarm Control Unit Information
- g. Each user account and distribution list shall be capable of being configurable for the type of Fire Alarm Control Unit Logs and Reports to be received. Each account shall be configurable to receive any combination of the following Logs and Reports via email:
  - i. Alarm Log,
  - ii. Trouble Log,
  - iii. Analog Sensor Status Report,
  - iv. Analog Sensor Service Report,
  - v. Almost Dirty, Dirty and Excessively Dirty Sensor Report,
  - vi. CO Analog Sensor Service Report,
  - vii. Addressable Notification Appliance Candela Report,
  - viii. Addressable Notification Appliance Status Report
- h. Each user account and distribution list shall be capable of receiving email distribution of Fire Alarm Control Unit Logs and Reports On-Demand or automatically on a predetermined schedule. Receipt of Logs and Reports shall be capable of being scheduled as follows:
  - i. Weekly, or
  - ii. Bi-weekly, or
  - iii. Monthly
- i. The Fire Alarm Control Unit Logs and Reports shall be sent in CSV file format which

can be imported into common database applications for viewing, sorting, and customization.

- i. Each user account shall be capable of being configured to receive system events via email and/or SMS text messaging.
- ii. Each distribution list shall be capable of supporting up to 20 email address recipients.
- j. The means to provide email notification shall be compatible with SMTP mail servers, ISP email services, and Internet email services. Communication with the email server shall be verified at selectable intervals of 5 to 30 minutes.
- k. Email operation shall be capable of being disabled for service by the system administrator.
- l. An email log shall be accessible to authorized users. The email log shall display the 25 most recent email notifications sent.
- m. The fire panel internet interface for supplemental notification and remote user access shall support:
  - i. Secure HTTPS/SSL encrypted connections,
  - ii. Up to 50 individual password protected user accounts,
  - iii. Dynamic and Static IP addressing,
  - iv. IP Address Blocking,
  - v. Restricted number of log-in attempts before lock-out configurable from 1 to 20,
  - vi. Lock-out duration after unsuccessful log-in attempts configurable from 0 to 24 hours,
  - vii. Email notification to Administrators of unsuccessful log-in attempts,
  - viii. Automatic lock-out reset upon a new event,
  - ix. Automatic inactivity logout configurable from 10 minutes to 24 hours,
  - x. Firmware updates over Ethernet,
  - xi. Set-up and configuration via Local Service Port or via Remote Services over LAN/WAN connection
- n. Authorized users shall be capable of accessing the fire alarm panel using a compatible web browser (Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher) and a secure HTTPS/SSL encrypted connection.
- o. The fire panel internet interface shall support concurrent connections for up to 5 users plus 1 administrator.
- p. Authorized users with remote access shall be capable of:
  - i. Viewing the fire panel internet interface web home page
    1. The fire panel internet interface home page shall display system status information and provide links to detailed status information and fire alarm panel reports and history logs
    2. The web browser on the user's computer shall automatically refresh system status information upon a new event
      - a. Systems that require a manual refresh to acquire updated system status information shall not be accepted
      - b. Viewing the fire alarm panel detailed card status information
      - c. Viewing the fire alarm panel detailed point status information

- d. Viewing the fire alarm panel reports and history logs
  - e. Viewing the fire panel internet interface email log
  - f. Viewing system summary information
  - g. Accessing Custom Hypertext Links
- q. The fire panel internet interface home page shall support customization to display the following information:
- i. Customer Name and Address,
  - ii. Fire Panel Location or Building Name,
  - iii. Up to 10 Custom Hypertext Links with Text Descriptions
- H. Required Functions: The following are required system functions and operating features:
- a. Priority of Signals: Fire alarm events have highest priority. Subsequent alarm events are queued in the order received and do not affect existing alarm conditions. Priority Two, Supervisory and Trouble events have second-, third-, and fourth-level priority, respectively. Signals of a higher-level priority take precedence over signals of lower priority even though the lower-priority condition occurred first. Annunciate all events regardless of priority or order received.
  - b. Non Interfering: An event on one zone does not prevent the receipt of signals from any other zone. All zones are manually resettable from the FACU after the initiating device or devices are restored to normal. The activation of an addressable device does not prevent the receipt of signals from subsequent addressable device activations.
  - c. Transmission to an approved Supervising Station: Automatically route alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals to an approved supervising station service provider, under another contract.
  - d. Annunciation: Operation of alarm and supervisory initiating devices shall be annunciated at the FACU and the remote annunciator, indicating the type of device, the operational state of the device (i.e. alarm, trouble or supervisory) and shall display the custom label associated with the device.
  - e. Selective Alarm: A system alarm shall include:
    - i. Indication of alarm condition at the FACU and the annunciator(s).
    - ii. Identification of the device /zone that is the source of the alarm at the FACU and the annunciator(s).
    - iii. Operation of audible and visible notification appliances until silenced at FACU.
    - iv. Closing doors normally held open by magnetic door holders.
    - v. Unlocking designated doors.
    - vi. Shutting down supply and return fans serving zone where alarm is initiated.
    - vii. Closing smoke dampers on system serving zone where alarm is initiated.
    - viii. Initiation of smoke control sequence.
    - ix. Transmission of signal to the supervising station.
    - x. Initiation of elevator Phase I functions (recall, shunt trip, illumination of indicator in cab, etc.) in accordance with ANSI/ASME A17.1 / CSA B44, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, when specified detectors or sensors are activated, as appropriate.
  - f. Supervisory Operations: Upon activation of a supervisory device such as a tamper switch, the system shall operate as follows:



- i. Activate the system supervisory service audible signal and illuminate the LED at the control unit and the remote annunciator.
  - ii. Pressing the Supervisory Acknowledge Key will silence the supervisory audible signal while maintaining the Supervisory LED "on" indicating off-normal condition.
  - iii. Record the event in the FACU historical log.
  - iv. Transmission of supervisory signal to the supervising station.
  - v. Restoring the condition shall cause the Supervisory LED to clear and restore the system to normal.
- g. Alarm Silencing: If the "Alarm Silence" button is pressed, all audible alarm signals shall cease operation.
- h. Priority Two Operations: Upon activation of a priority two condition the system shall operate as follows:
  - i. Activate the system priority two audible signal and illuminate the LED at the control unit and the remote annunciator.
  - ii. Pressing the Priority 2 Acknowledge Key will silence the audible signal while maintaining the Priority 2 LED "on" indicating off-normal condition.
  - iii. Record the event in the FACU historical log.
  - iv. Transmission of priority two signal to the supervising station.
  - v. Restoring the condition shall cause the Priority 2 LED to clear and restore the system to normal.
- i. System Reset
  - i. The "System Reset" button shall be used to return the system to its normal state. Display messages shall provide operator assurance of the sequential steps ("IN PROGRESS", "RESET COMPLETED") as they occur. The system shall verify all circuits or devices are restored prior to resetting the system to avoid the potential for re-arming the system. The display message shall indicate "ALARM PRESENT, SYSTEM RESET ABORTED."
  - ii. Should an alarm condition continue, the system will remain in an alarmed state.
- j. A manual evacuation (drill) switch shall be provided to operate the notification appliances without causing other control circuits to be activated.
- k. WALKTEST: The system shall have the capacity of 8 programmable passcode protected one person testing groups, such that only a portion of the system need be disabled during testing. The actuation of the "enable one person test" program at the control unit shall activate the "One Person Testing" mode of the system as follows:
  - i. The city circuit connection and any suppression release circuits shall be bypassed for the testing group.
  - ii. Control relay functions associated with one of the 8 testing groups shall be bypassed.
  - iii. The control unit shall indicate a trouble condition.
  - iv. The alarm activation of any initiating device in the testing group shall cause the audible notification appliances assigned only to that group to sound a code to identify the device or zone.
  - v. The unit shall automatically reset itself after signaling is complete.
  - vi. Any opening of an initiating device or notification appliance circuit wiring shall

cause the audible signals to sound for 4 seconds indicating the trouble condition.

- I. Install Mode: The system shall provide the capability to group all non-commissioned points and devices into a single "Install Mode" trouble condition allowing an operator to clearly identify event activations from commissioned points and devices in occupied areas.
  - i. It shall be possible to individually remove points from Install Mode as required for phased system commissioning.
  - ii. It shall be possible to retrieve an Install Mode report listing that includes a list of all points assigned to the Install Mode. Panels not having an install mode shall be reprogrammed to remove any non-commissioned points and devices.
- m. Module Distribution:
  - i. The fire alarm control unit shall be capable of allowing remote location of the following modules; interface of such modules shall be through a Style 4 (Class B) supervised serial communications channel (SLC):
    1. Initiating Device Circuits
    2. Notification Appliance Circuits
    3. Auxiliary Control Circuits
    4. Graphic Annunciator LED/Switch Control Modules
      - a. In systems with two or more Annunciators and/or Command Centers, each Annunciator/Command Center shall be programmable to allow multiple Annunciators/Command Centers to have equal operation priority or to allow hierarchal priority control to be assigned to individual Annunciator/Command Center locations.
    5. Initiating Device Signaling Line Circuits
    6. Notification Appliance Signaling Line Circuits
    7. Power Supplies
    8. Voice System Amplifiers
- I. Analog Smoke Sensors:
  - a. Monitoring: FACU shall individually monitor sensors for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition, and shall individually adjust for sensitivity. The control unit shall determine the condition of each sensor by comparing the sensor value to the stored values.
  - b. Environmental Compensation: The FACU shall maintain a moving average of the sensor's smoke chamber value to automatically compensate for dust, dirt, and other conditions that could affect detection operations.
  - c. Programmable Sensitivity: Photoelectric Smoke Sensors shall have 7 selectable sensitivity levels ranging from 0.2% to 3.7%, programmed and monitored from the FACU.
  - d. Sensitivity Testing Reports: The FACU shall provide sensor reports that meet NFPA 72 calibrated test method requirements.
    - i. Reports shall be capable of being printed for annual recording and logging of the calibration maintenance schedule.
    - ii. Where required, reports shall be accessible remotely through:
      1. A Fire Panel Internet Interface using Ethernet and TCP/IP

communications protocol compatible with IEEE Standard 802.3. The Fire Panel Internet Interface shall be capable of automatically scheduling email reports to individual user accounts on a weekly, bi-weekly, or monthly schedule

2. A PC Annunciator using an RS232-C connection to the FACU or a PC Annunciator Client using a TCP/IP communications protocol connection to the PC Annunciator server compatible with IEEE Standard 802.3.
- e. The FACU shall automatically indicate when an individual sensor needs cleaning. The system shall provide a means to automatically indicate when a sensor requires cleaning. When a sensor's average value reaches a predetermined value, (3) progressive levels of reporting are provided. The first level shall indicate if a sensor is close to a trouble reporting condition and will be indicated on the FACU as "ALMOST DIRTY." This condition provides a means to alert maintenance staff of a sensor approaching dirty without creating a trouble in the system. If this indicator is ignored and the second level is reached, a "DIRTY SENSOR" condition shall be indicated at the FACU and subsequently a system trouble is reported. The sensor base LED shall glow steady giving a visible indication at the sensor location. The "DIRTY SENSOR" condition shall not affect the sensitivity level required to alarm the sensor. If a "DIRTY SENSOR" is left unattended, and its average value increases to a third predetermined value, an "EXCESSIVELY DIRTY SENSOR" trouble condition shall be indicated at the
- f. The FACU shall continuously perform an automatic self-test on each sensor that will check sensor electronics and ensure the accuracy of the values being transmitted. Any sensor that fails this test shall indicate a "SELF TEST ABNORMAL" trouble condition.
- g. Multi-Sensors shall combine photoelectric smoke sensing and heat sensing technologies. An alarm shall be determined by either smoke detection, with selectable sensitivity from 0.2 to 3.7 %/ft obscuration; or heat detection, selectable as fixed temperature or fixed with selectable rate-of-rise; or based on an analysis of the combination of smoke and heat activity.
- h. Programmable bases. It shall be possible to program relay and sounder bases to operate independently of their associated sensor.
- i. Magnet test activation of smoke sensors shall be distinguished by its label and history log entry as being activated by a magnet.
- J. Audible Alarm Notification: By voice evacuation and tone signals on loudspeakers in areas as indicated on drawings.
  - a. Automatic Voice Evacuation Sequence:
    - i. The audio alarm signal shall consist of an alarm tone for a maximum of five seconds followed by an automatic digital voice message. At the end of the voice message, the alarm tone shall resume. This sequence shall sound continuously until the "Alarm Silence" switch is activated.
    - ii. All audio operations shall be activated by the system software so that any required future changes can be facilitated by authorized personnel without any component rewiring or hardware additions.
- K. Speaker: Speaker notification appliances shall be listed to UL 1480.
  - a. The speaker shall operate on a standard 25VRMS or 70.7VRMS NAC using twisted

wire.

- b. The following taps are available: 0.25W, 0.50W, 1.0W and 2.0W. At the 1.0W tap, the speaker has minimum UL rated sound pressure level of 84dBA at 10 feet.
- c. The speaker shall have a frequency response of 400 to 4000 Hz for Fire Alarm and 125 to 12kHz for general signaling.

L. Manual Voice Paging

- a. The system shall be configured to allow voice paging. Upon activation of any speaker manual control switch, the alarm tone shall be sounded over all speakers in that group.
- b. The control unit operator shall be able to make announcements via the push-to-talk paging microphone over the pre-selected speakers.
- c. Total building paging shall be accomplished by the means of an "All Call" switch.

M. Constant Supervision of Non-Alarm Audio Functions

- a. When required, the system shall be configured to allow Non-Alarm Audio (NAA) functions such as background music or general/public address paging.
- b. During NAA operation, the speaker circuit shall be electrically supervised to provide continuous monitoring of the speaker circuit.
- c. During an alarm condition, supervision shall be disabled and alarm signals delivered to speakers.

N. Addressable Notification Appliances:

- a. Monitoring: The FACU shall monitor individual addressable notification appliances for status, condition, type of appliance, and configured appliance settings. A fault in any individual appliance shall automatically report a trouble condition on the FACU.
- b. Individual Appliance Custom Label: Each addressable appliance shall have its own 40 character custom label to identify the location of the appliance and to aid in troubleshooting fault conditions.
- c. Individual Appliance Information Display:
  - i. The FACU shall be capable of calling up detailed information for each addressable appliance including the appliance location, status, condition, type of appliance, and configured appliance settings.
  - ii. Notification appliances that are not capable of communicating and reporting their individual location, status, condition, type of appliance, and configured appliance settings to the FACU shall not be accepted.
- d. Programmable Appliance Settings:
  - i. The selectable operation of each addressable notification appliance shall be capable of being configured by the FACU without having to replace or remove the appliance from the wall or ceiling.
    - 1. Programmable appliance settings for applicable addressable notification appliances shall include:
      - a. Operation:
        - i. General Evac
        - ii. Alert
        - iii. User Defined
      - b. Style:
        - i. Indoor

- ii. UL Weatherproof
  - iii. ULC Weatherproof
- c. Candela Selections:
  - i. Indoor: 15, 30, 75, 110, 135, or 185 cd (per UL1971)
  - ii. UL Weatherproof: 15 or 75 cd (per UL1971), and 75 or 185 cd (per UL1638)
  - iii. ULC Weatherproof: 20, 30 or 75 cd (per ULCS526)
- 2. Systems that require replacement or removal of the appliances from the wall or ceiling to change their applicable operation or settings shall not be accepted.
- e. Programmable Notification Zones:
  - i. Changing the notification zone assigned to a notification appliance shall be configurable by the FACU and shall not require additional circuits or wiring.
  - ii. Systems that require additional circuits and wiring to change the notification zone assigned to a notification appliance shall not be accepted.
- f. Other Emergency and Non-Emergency Notification:
  - i. Where required, notification appliances for purposes not related to fire alarm shall be capable of:
    - 1. being connected to the same circuit as the fire alarm appliances, and
    - 2. being individually configured for their intended use without requiring additional circuits or wiring.
  - ii. Systems that require separate circuits and wiring for other Emergency and Non Emergency notification shall not be accepted.
- g. Addressable Notification Appliance Automated Self-Test:
  - i. The fire alarm control unit shall be capable of performing an automated functional self-test of all self-test notification appliances and meet the requirements in NFPA 72, 2013 Edition, 14.2.8 Automated Testing and Table 14.4.3.2 testing requirements.
  - ii. Test results for each self-test notification appliance shall be stored in non-volatile memory at the fire alarm control unit.
  - iii. The fire alarm control unit shall be capable of running a functional automated test for all self-test notification appliances in a general alarm group or for all self-test appliances within a specific notification zone.
  - iv. The duration required to complete the automated functional test for all self-test notification appliances shall be accomplished in 2 minutes or less.
  - v. The automated test results for all self-test notification appliances shall be available from the fire alarm control unit within 4 minutes from the start of the test.
  - vi. If any notification appliance fails its automated functional self-test an audible and visual trouble signal shall be annunciated at the fire alarm control unit.
    - 1. The self-test trouble signal shall be a latching trouble signal which requires manual restoration to normal.
- h. Addressable Notification Appliance Reports:
  - i. The fire alarm control unit shall maintain configuration and test data for each

- self-test addressable notification appliance.
- ii. The fire alarm control unit shall be capable of generating configuration, self-test, and deficiency reports, that can be viewed through the fire alarm control unit user interface or printed via the fire alarm control unit service port.
    1. At minimum, the configuration report shall include the following information applicable for each addressable notification appliance:
      - a. Point ID
      - b. Custom Label
      - c. Device Type
      - d. Candela Setting
    2. At minimum, the self-test report shall include the following information applicable for each self-test notification appliance:
      - a. Point ID
      - b. Custom Label
      - c. Time and Date of last test
      - d. Pass / Fail results of last visual test
      - e. Pass / Fail results of last audible test
  - iii. The fire alarm control unit shall also be capable of providing a deficiency report that includes a list of all self-test notification appliances that have failed self-test.
  - i. Magnet test: When the control unit is in diagnostic mode, the appliances shall be capable of being tested with a magnet. The magnet diagnostics shall:
    - i. Pulse the appliance LED to indicate appliance address, and
    - ii. briefly flash the individual strobe to confirm visible appliance operation.
    - iii. briefly sound the individual speaker to confirm the audible appliance operation.

## 1.6 Submittals

- A. General: Submit the following according to Conditions of Contract.
  - a. Product data sheets for system components highlighted to indicate the specific products, features, or functions required to meet this specification. Alternate or as-equal products submitted under this contract must provide a detailed line-by-line comparison of how the submitted product meets, exceeds, or does not comply with this specification.
  - b. Wiring diagrams from manufacturer.
  - c. Shop drawings showing system details including location of FACU, all devices, circuiting and details of graphic annunciator.
  - d. System power and battery charts with performance graphs and voltage drop calculations to assure that the system will operate in accordance with the prescribed backup time periods and under all voltage conditions per UL and NFPA standards.
  - e. System operation description including method of operation and supervision of each type of circuit and sequence of operations for all manually and automatically initiated system inputs and outputs. A list of all input and output points in the system shall be provided with a label indicating location or use of IDC, SLC, NAC, relay, sensor, and auxiliary control circuits.
  - f. Operating instructions for FACU.

- g. Operation and maintenance data for inclusion in Operating and Maintenance Manual. Include data for each type product, including all features and operating sequences, both automatic and manual. Provide the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of service organizations.
  - h. Product certification signed by a certified representative of the manufacturer of the fire alarm system components certifying that their products comply with indicated requirements.
  - i. Record of field tests of system.
- B. Submission to Authority Having Jurisdiction: In addition to routine submission of the above material, make an identical submission to the authority having jurisdiction. Include copies of shop drawings as required to depict component locations to facilitate review. Upon receipt of comments from the Authority, make resubmissions, if required, to make clarifications or revisions to obtain approval.
- a. Contractor to provide the State of Wisconsin Safety and Profession Services, Industry Service Division a submittal of the project for review. Contractor to cover the cost of their submittal fee for the review.

### 1.7 Quality Assurance

- A. Installer Qualifications: A factory authorized installer is to perform the work of this section.
- B. Each and every item of the Fire Alarm System shall be listed under the appropriate category by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory and shall bear the respective "NRTL" label.

### 1.8 Project Conditions

- A. Interruption of Existing Fire-Alarm Service: Do not interrupt fire-alarm service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary guard service according to requirements indicated:
  - a. Notify owner's representative no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of fire-alarm service.
  - b. Do not proceed with interruption of fire-alarm service without Owner's representative written permission.

### 1.9 Sequencing and Scheduling

- A. Existing Fire-Alarm Equipment: Maintain existing equipment fully operational until new equipment has been tested and accepted. As new equipment is installed, label it "NOT IN SERVICE" until it is accepted. Remove labels from new equipment when put into service and label existing fire-alarm equipment "NOT IN SERVICE" until removed from the building.
- B. Equipment Removal: After acceptance of new fire-alarm system, remove existing disconnected fire-alarm equipment and wiring.

### 1.10 Maintenance Service

- A. Warranty Maintenance Service: Provide maintenance of fire alarm systems and equipment for a period of 12 months, using factory-authorized service representatives
- B. Basic Services: Routine maintenance visits on an "as needed" basis at times scheduled with the Owner. Respond to service calls within 24 hours of notification of system trouble either by

customer visit or other customer contact as necessary. Adjust and replace defective parts and components with original manufacturer's replacement parts, components, and supplies.

- C. Additional Services: Perform services within the above 12-month period not classified as routine maintenance or as warranty work when authorized in writing. Compensation for additional services must be agreed upon in writing prior to performing services.
- D. Maintenance Service Contract: No later than 60 days prior to the expiration of the warranty maintenance services, deliver to the Owner a proposal to provide contract maintenance and repair services for an additional one-year term. As an option with this proposal, deliver to the Owner a proposal to provide scheduled inspection and testing services for a one-year term. Owner will be under no obligation to accept maintenance service contract proposal or inspection and testing proposal.

### 1.11 Extra Materials

- A. General: Furnish extra materials, packaged with protective covering for storage, and identified with labels clearly describing contents as follows:
  - a. Break Rods for Manual Stations: Furnish quantity equal to 15 percent of the number of manual stations installed; minimum of 6 rods.
  - b. Notification Appliances: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of each type and number of units installed, but not less than one of each type.
  - c. Smoke Detectors or Sensors, Fire Detectors, and Flame Detectors: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of each type and number of units installed but not less than one of each type.
  - d. Detector or Sensor Bases: Furnish quantity equal to 2 percent of each type and number of units installed but not less than one of each type.

## Part 2 - Products

### 2.1 Acceptance Equipment and Service Providers

- A. Manufacturers: The equipment and service described in this Request for Proposal aligns with products from Simplex, a JCI Company
- B. Being listed as an acceptable Manufacturer in no way relieves obligation to provide all equipment and features in accordance with these specifications.
- C. Alternate products must be submitted to the Owner one week prior to bid for approval. Alternate or as-equal products submitted under this contract must provide a detailed line-by-line comparison of how the submitted product meets, exceeds, or does not comply with this specification.
- D. The equipment and service provider shall be a nationally recognized company specializing in fire alarm and detection systems. This provider shall employ factory trained and NICET Level IV certified technicians, and shall maintain a service organization within 100 miles of this project location. The equipment and service provider shall have a minimum of 10 years' experience in the fire protective signaling systems industry.

### 2.2 Systems Operational Description

- A. Fire-alarm signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and systems:



- a. Manual stations.
  - b. Heat detectors.
  - c. Flame detectors.
  - d. Smoke detectors.
  - e. Duct smoke detectors.
  - f. Verified automatic alarm operation of smoke detectors.
  - g. Automatic sprinkler system water flow.
  - h. Heat detectors in elevator shaft and pit.
  - i. Fire-extinguishing system operation.
  - j. Fire standpipe system.
- B. Fire-alarm signal shall initiate the following actions:
- a. Continuously operate alarm notification appliances.
  - b. Identify alarm at fire-alarm control unit and remote annunciators.
  - c. Transmit an alarm signal to the remote alarm receiving station.
  - d. Unlock electric door locks in designated egress paths.
  - e. Release fire and smoke doors held open by magnetic door holders.
  - f. Activate voice/alarm communication system.
  - g. Switch heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment controls to fire-alarm mode.
  - h. Activate smoke-control system (smoke management) at firefighter smoke-control system panel.
  - i. Close smoke dampers in air ducts of designated air-conditioning duct systems.
  - j. Recall elevators to primary or alternate recall floors (2 elevators in building)
  - k. Activate emergency lighting control.
  - l. Activate emergency shutoffs for gas and fuel supplies.
  - m. Record events in the system memory.
  - n. Record events by the system printer.
- C. Supervisory signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and actions:
- a. Elevator shunt-trip supervision.
- D. System trouble signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and actions:
- a. Open circuits, shorts, and grounds in designated circuits.
  - b. Opening, tampering with, or removing alarm-initiating and supervisory signal-initiating devices.
  - c. Loss of primary power at fire-alarm control unit.
  - d. Ground or a single break in fire-alarm control unit internal circuits.
  - e. Abnormal AC voltage at fire-alarm control unit.
  - f. Break in standby battery circuitry.
  - g. Failure of battery charging.
  - h. Abnormal position of any switch at fire-alarm control unit or annunciator.
- E. System Trouble and Supervisory Signal Actions: Initiate notification appliance and annunciate at fire-alarm control unit and remote annunciators. Record the event on system printer where provided.

### 2.3 Fire Alarm Control Unit (FACU)

- A. General: Comply with UL 864, "Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems".

- B. The following FACU hardware shall be provided:
- a. Power Limited base panel with platinum cabinet and door, 120 VAC input power.
  - b. 2,500 point capacity where (1) point equals (1) monitor (input) or (1) control (output).
  - c. 2000 points of annunciation where one (1) point of annunciation equals:
    - i. 1 LED driver output on a graphic driver or 1 switch input on a graphic switch input module.
    - ii. 1 LED on panel or 1 switch on panel.
  - d. 9 Amp Power Supply minimum with temperature compensated, dual-rate battery charger capable of charging up to 110 Ah batteries without a separate external battery charger. Battery charger voltage and amperage values shall be accessible on the FACU LCD display.
  - e. One Auxiliary electronically resettable fused 2A @24VDC Output, with programmable disconnect operation for 4-wire detector reset.
  - f. One Auxiliary Relay, SPDT 2A @32VDC, programmable as a trouble relay, either as normally energized or de-energized, or as an auxiliary control.
  - g. Three (3) Class B Addressable Notification Appliance Signaling Line Circuits (SLCs).
    - i. Each Addressable Notification Appliance SLC shall be rated at 3A and capable of supporting up to 127 Notification Appliances per channel.
    - ii. Wiring shall be 18 AWG to 12 AWG unshielded twisted pair wire. Systems that require shielded wire for Notification Appliances shall not be accepted.
    - iii. A constant voltage under both primary and secondary power conditions shall be maintained at the notification appliance field wiring terminal connections in the FACU to ensure the voltage drop on the circuit is consistent under both primary and secondary power conditions.
    - iv. For systems that do not provide a constant voltage source at the FACU notification appliance field wiring terminal connections, the fire alarm contractor shall:
      1. Provide separate point-to-point voltage drop calculations for all notification appliances under worst case secondary power specifications, and
      2. Perform a complete functional test of all notification appliances under worst case secondary power conditions.
  - h. Where required provide Intelligent Remote Battery Charger for charging up to 50Ah batteries.
  - i. Expansion Power Supplies with three (3) Class B integral Intelligent Addressable Notification Appliance Signaling Line Circuits (SLCs) for system expansion. Expansion power supplies shall provide complete capability as the primary power supply.
  - j. The FACU shall support up to (5) RS-232-C ports and one service port. All (5) RS-232 Ports shall be capable of two-way communications.
  - k. Remote Unit Interface: supervised serial communication channel for control and monitoring of remotely located annunciators and I/O panels.
  - l. Programmable DACT for either Common Event Reporting or per Point Reporting.
  - m. Fire Panel Internet Interface to provide supplemental notification and remote user access to the FACU using Ethernet and TCP/IP communications protocol compatible with IEEE Standard 802.3.

- C. Cabinet: Lockable steel enclosure. Arrange unit so all operations required for testing or for normal care and maintenance of the system are performed from the front of the enclosure. If more than a single unit is required to form a complete control unit, provide exactly matching modular unit enclosures.
- D. Alphanumeric Display and System Controls: Panel shall include an 80 character LCD display to indicate alarm, supervisory, and component status messages and shall include a keypad for use in entering and executing control commands.
- E. Distributed Module Operation: FACU shall be capable of allowing remote location of the following modules; interface of such modules shall be through a Style 4 (Class B) supervised serial communications channel (SLC):
  - a. Addressable Signaling Line Circuits
  - b. Initiating Device Circuits
  - c. Notification Appliance Circuits
  - d. Auxiliary Control Circuits
  - e. Graphic Annunciator LED/Switch Control Modules
    - i. In systems with two or more Annunciators and/or Command Centers, each Annunciator/Command Center shall be programmable to allow multiple Annunciators/Command Centers to have equal operation priority or to allow hierarchal priority control to be assigned to individual Annunciator/Command Center locations.
  - f. Amplifiers, voice and telephone control circuits
- F. Voice Alarm: Provide an emergency communication system, integral with the FACU, including voice alarm system components, microphones, amplifiers, and tone generators. Features include:
  - a. Amplifiers comply with UL 1711, "Amplifiers for Fire Protective Signaling Systems." Amplifiers shall provide an onboard local mode temporal coded horn tone as a default backup tone. Test switches on the amplifier shall be provided to test and observe amplifier backup switchover. Each amplifier shall communicate to the host panel amplifier and NAC circuit voltage and current levels for display on the user interface. Each amplifier shall be capable of performing constant supervision for non-alarm audio functions such as background music and general paging.
  - b. Dual alarm channels permit simultaneous transmission of different announcements to different zones or floors automatically or by use of the central control microphone. All announcements are made over dedicated, supervised communication lines. All risers shall support Class B wiring for each audio channel.
  - c. Emergency voice communication audio controller module shall provide up to 32 minutes of message memory for digitally stored messages. Provide supervised connections for master microphone and up to 5 remote microphones.
  - d. Status annunciator indicating the status of the various voice alarm speaker zones and the status of fire fighter telephone two-way communication zones.
  - e. When required, Redundant Voice Command Centers shall be capable of generating voice paging from more than one node in a network audio system.

## 2.4 Addressable Initiating

## A. Addressable Manual Pulling Stations

- a. General Requirements for Manual Fire-Alarm Boxes: Comply with UL 38. Boxes shall be finished in red with molded, raised-letter operating instructions in contrasting color; shall show visible indication of operation; and shall be mounted on recessed outlet box. If indicated as surface mounted, provide manufacturer's surface back box.
- b. Description: Addressable double-action type, red LEXAN. Station shall mechanically latch upon operation and remain so until manually reset by opening with a key common with the control units. Station shall be pull-lever type; with integral addressable module arranged to communicate manual-station status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit. Where double-action stations are provided, the mechanism shall require two actions push top activation door to initiate an alarm.
- c. Provide with a front showing red LED showing that will flash each time it is scanned by the Control Unit (once every 4 seconds). In alarm condition, the station LED shall be on steady.

## B. Addressable Analog Smoke Sensors

- a. General Requirements for System Smoke Detectors:
  - i. Comply with UL 268, "Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems." Include the following features:
  - ii. Factory Nameplate: Serial number and type identification.
  - iii. Operating Voltage: 24 VDC, nominal and shall be two-wire type.
  - iv. Self-Restoring: Detectors do not require resetting or readjustment after actuation to restore normal operation.
  - v. Plug-In Arrangement: Sensor and associated electronic components are mounted in a module that connects to a fixed base with a twist-locking plug connection. Base shall provide break-off plastic tab that can be removed to engage the head/base locking mechanism. Provide terminals in the fixed base for connection to building wiring. No special tools shall be required to remove head once it has been locked. Removal of the detector head shall interrupt the supervisory circuit of the fire alarm detection loop and cause a trouble signal at the control unit. Sensors shall include a communication transmitter and receiver in the mounting base having a unique identification and capability for status reporting to the FACU. Sensor address shall be located in base to eliminate false addressing when replacing sensors. Integral Addressable Module shall be arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit. Each sensor base shall contain an integral visual-indicating LED that will flash to provide power-on status each time it is scanned by the Control Unit (once every 4 seconds). In alarm condition, the sensor base LED shall be on steady. Base Mounting: Detector and associated electronic components shall be mounted in a twist-lock module that connects to a fixed base
  - vi. Each sensor base shall contain a magnetically actuated test switch to provide for easy pre-certification alarm testing at the sensor location.
  - vii. Each sensor shall be scanned by the Control Unit for its type identification to prevent inadvertent substitution of another sensor type. Upon detection of a "wrong device", the control unit shall operate with the installed device at the

default alarm settings for that sensor; 2.5% obscuration for photoelectric sensor, 135-deg F and 15-deg F rate-of-rise for the heat sensor, but shall indicate a "Wrong Device" trouble condition.

- viii. Unless otherwise indicated, detectors shall be analog-addressable type, individually monitored at fire-alarm control unit for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition and individually adjustable for sensitivity by fire-alarm control unit. Provide multiple levels of detection sensitivity for each sensor.
- ix. Environmental compensation, programmable sensitivity settings, status testing, and monitoring of sensor dirt accumulation for the duct smoke sensor shall be provided by the FACU.
- x. The sensor's electronics shall be immune from nuisance alarms caused by EMI and RFI. Removal of the sensor head for cleaning shall not require the setting of addresses.
- xi. Bases: CO Sensor, relay output, sounder and isolator bases shall be supported alternatives to the standard base.

b. Addressable Sensor Bases

- i. Standard base - Twist lock addressable base with address selection DIP switch accessible from front with sensor removed. Integral red LED for power-on (pulsing), or alarm or trouble (steady on). Locking anti-tamper design mounts on standard outlet box.
- ii. Sensor Base with remote device connection - All standard base features with wired connection for either a Remote LED alarm indicator or remote relay (relay is unsupervised and requires separate 24VDC)
- iii. Supervised Relay Bases - All standard base features and shall be available in either a 4-Wire Sensor Base to use with remote or locally mounted relay; requires separate 24 VDC, or as a 2-Wire Sensor Base to use with remote or locally mounted relay; no separate power required. Supervised relay operation shall be programmable and shall be manually operated from control panel.
- iv. Sensor base with built-in electronic alarm sounder - All standard base features and piezoelectric sounder shall provide high output (88 dBA) with low current requirements (20 mA). Sounder shall be synchronized via SLC communications or by the NAC if NAC powered, sounder shall operation shall be programmable and shall be manually operated from control panel.
- v. 520 Hz Sensor base with built-in electronic low frequency sounder - All standard base features and piezoelectric sounder shall provide a low frequency 520 Hz Square Wave (85 dBA) with nominal current requirements (115 mA). Sounder shall be synchronized via SLC communications or by the NAC if NAC powered, sounder operation shall be programmable and shall be manually operated from control panel.
  - 1. Emitted tone shall be a 520Hz Square Wave signal in compliance with the requirements of the 2010 edition of NFPA 72 for sleeping areas.
  - 2. The 520Hz Sounder base shall be listed to UL 268 and UL464, Audible Signal Appliances.

C. Addressable Duct Smoke Sensor

- a. Standard Addressable Duct Smoke Sensor Unit. Photoelectric type, with sampling tube of design and dimensions as recommended by the manufacturer for the specific duct size and installation conditions where applied. Duct housing shall include relay or relay driver as required for fan shutdown.
  - i. Environmental compensation, programmable sensitivity settings, status testing, and monitoring of sensor dirt accumulation for the duct smoke sensor shall be provided by the FACU.
  - ii. The Duct Housing shall provide a supervised relay driver circuit for driving up to 15 relays with a single "Form C" contact rated at 7A@ 28VDC or 10A@ 120VAC. This auxiliary relay output shall be fully programmable independent of the sensor head for activation by other alarm initiating devices within the fire alarm system. Relay shall be mounted within 3 feet of HVAC control circuit.
  - iii. Duct Housing shall provide a magnetic test area and Red sensor status LED and Duct Housing shall provide a relay control Yellow LED trouble indicator.
  - iv. Duct Housing shall have a transparent cover to monitor for the presence of smoke. Cover shall secure to housing by means of four (4) captive fastening screws.
  - v. Duct Housing shall provide two (2) Test Ports for measuring airflow and for testing. These ports will allow aerosol injection in order to test the activation of the duct smoke sensor.
  - vi. For maintenance purposes, it shall be possible to clean the duct housing sampling tubes by accessing them through the duct housing front cover.
  - vii. Each duct smoke sensor shall be provided with a Remote Test Station with an alarm LED and test switch.
  - viii. Where indicated provide a NEMA 4X weatherproof duct housing enclosure that shall provide for the circulation of conditioned air around the internally mounted addressable duct sensor housing to maintain the sensor housing at its rated temperature range. The housing shall be UL Listed to Standard 268A.
- b. Addressable In-Duct Mounted Smoke Sensors. Photoelectric type, for applications with controlled dust and humidity providing HVAC duct smoke sensing where sampling tube designs are not appropriate. In-Duct housing shall include relay or relay driver as required for fan shutdown.
  - i. Shall accommodate duct airflow from 0 to 4000 ft/min (0 to 1220 m/min), and provide environmental compensation, programmable sensitivity settings, status testing, and monitoring of sensor dirt accumulation for the duct smoke sensor by the FACU.
  - ii. The In-Duct Housing shall provide a supervised relay driver circuit for driving up to 15 relays with a single "Form C" contact rated at 7A@ 28VDC or 10A@ 120VAC. This auxiliary relay output shall be fully programmable independent of the sensor head for activation by other alarm initiating devices within the fire alarm system. Relay shall be mounted within 3 feet of HVAC control circuit.
  - iii. Standard models shall be for rectangular ducts from 6" (152 mm) square to 36" (914 mm) square with optional adapters available to allow use with round ducts of 6", 8" (203 mm), 10" (254 mm) or 12" (305 mm) in diameter.

- iv. In-Duct Housing shall provide a magnetic test area and Red sensor status LED and In-Duct Housing shall provide a relay control Yellow LED trouble indicator.
  - v. Duct Housing shall have a transparent cover to monitor for the presence of smoke. Cover shall secure to housing by means of four (4) captive fastening screws.
  - vi. Each duct smoke sensor shall be provided with a Remote Test Station with an alarm LED and test switch.
- c. Addressable Air Aspirating Duct Smoke Sensors. Photoelectric type smoke detection with an aspirating system shall provide remote sensor location for ducts with difficult service access. Detectors shall support remote housing up to 82ft with 1.05" OD rigid pipe; detectors shall support remote housing up to 50ft with ¾" OD flexible tubing. Sampling tubes shall be provided per design and dimensions as recommended by the manufacturer for the specific duct size and installation conditions where applied. Duct Detection system shall be UL listed to Standards 268A, and ULC listed to Standard S529.
- i. Environmental compensation, programmable sensitivity settings, status testing and monitoring of sensor dirt accumulation for the duct smoke sensor shall be provided by the FACU.
  - ii. The Air Aspirating duct detection system shall supervise air flow through the duct housing and shall communicate trouble to the fire alarm control unit on a high or low air flow condition.
  - iii. The Air Aspirating Duct Housing shall provide a supervised relay driver circuit for driving up to 15 relays with a single Form C contact rated at 7A@ 28VDC and 120VAC. This auxiliary relay output shall be fully programmable. Relay shall be mounted within 3 feet of HVAC control circuit.
  - iv. Air Aspirating Duct Housing shall provide a magnetic test area and Red sensor status LED.
  - v. Each duct smoke sensor shall have a Remote Test Station with an alarm LED and test switch.
  - vi. Each duct housing shall have remote functional smoke testing capability.
  - vii. Each duct housing shall be supplied with a replacement air inlet filter.
  - viii. Each duct housing shall have an optional water trap with a ball valve for draining to eliminate moisture buildup.
  - ix. The Air Aspirating Detection system shall have an operating air velocity range of 0 to 4000 linear ft/minute) 0 to 1220 meters/minute.
  - x. The Addressable Air Aspirating Detection system shall be capable of use in other areas as open area detection where point type detectors are not practical, such as; prison cells in correctional facilities, transformer vaults, cable tunnels and MRI rooms.

#### D. Addressable Heat Sensors

- a. General Requirements for Heat Detectors: Comply with UL 521.
- b. Thermal Sensor Combination type: Fixed-temperature and rate-of-rise unit with plug-in base and alarm indication lamp; Actuated by either a fixed temperature of 135 deg F (57 deg C) or a rate of rise that exceeds 15 deg F (8 deg C) per minute unless otherwise

indicated.

- c. Thermal sensor shall be of the epoxy encapsulated electronic design. It shall be thermistor-based, rate-compensated, self-restoring and shall not be affected by thermal lag. Selectable rate compensated, fixed temperature sensing with or without rate-of-rise operation.
- d. Mounting: Twist-lock base interchangeable with smoke-sensor heads.
- e. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.
- f. Sensor fixed temperature sensing shall be independent of rate-of-rise sensing and programmable to operate at 135-deg F or 155-deg F. Sensor rate-of-rise temperature detection shall be selectable at the FACU for either 15-deg F or 20-deg F per minute.
- g. Sensor shall have the capability to be programmed as a utility monitoring device to monitor for temperature extremes in the range from 32-deg F to 155-deg F.
- h. Unless otherwise indicated, sensors shall be analog-addressable type, individually monitored at fire-alarm control unit for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition and individually adjustable for temperature by fire-alarm control unit.
  - i. Rate-of-rise temperature characteristic shall be selectable at fire-alarm control unit for 15 or 20 deg F (8 or 11 deg C) per minute.
  - ii. Fixed-temperature sensing shall be independent of rate-of-rise sensing and shall be settable at fire-alarm control unit to operate at 135 or 155 deg F (57 or 68 deg C).

#### E. Addressable CO Sensor

##### a. Addressable CO Sensor

- i. CO Sensor shall be an addressable carbon monoxide (CO) sensing module providing both CO toxic gas detection and enhanced fire detection, and shall be listed to UL 268, Smoke Detectors for Fire Alarm Signaling Systems and UL 2075, Gas and Vapor Detectors and Sensors; allowing systems to be listed to UL 2034, Single and Multiple Station Carbon Monoxide Alarms.
- ii. The CO Sensor shall include CO sensor element mounted in the sensor base which can be easily replaced without replacing the complete sensor base assembly.
- iii. The CO Sensor base shall provide address selection in the base allowing the address to remain with its location when the sensor is removed for service or type change.
- iv. The CO Sensor base shall include an integral red LED to indicate the power-on, trouble, test mode or alarm status.
- v. CO sensor shall provide enhanced fire detection with the addition of two selectable modes of operation: Nuisance Alarm Reduction Mode and Faster Fire Detection.
- vi. The CO Sensor shall provide a 10 year life expectancy before replacement is necessary or required.
- vii. The CO Sensor base shall report the following CO Sensor troubles: Communication loss, Disabled, Almost Expired 12 Months, Almost Expired 6 Months, Expired (End of Life), and Sensor Missing/Failed.



- b. Addressable CO Sensor Sounder Base
  - i. The CO Sensing element shall support operation with a Sounder base; the CO Sensor Sounder base shall provide temporal code 3 (TC3) for fire, or temporal code 4 (TC4) for toxic carbon monoxide alarms.
  - ii. The CO Sensor Sounder base shall be listed to UL464, Audible Signal Appliances.
  - iii. CO sensor shall provide enhanced fire detection with the addition of two selectable modes of operation: Nuisance Alarm Reduction Mode and Faster Fire Detection.
  - iv. The CO Sensor Sounder Base shall include CO sensor element mounted in the sounder base which can be easily replaced without replacing the complete sensor base assembly.
  - v. The CO Sensor Sounder base shall provide address selection in the base allowing the address to remain with its location when the sensor is removed for service or type change.
  - vi. The CO Sensor Sounder Sensor base shall include an integral red LED to indicate the power-on, trouble, test mode or alarm status.
  - vii. The CO Sensor Sounder base shall report the following CO Sensor troubles: Communication loss, Disabled, Almost Expired 12 Months, Almost Expired 6 Months, Expired (End of Life), and Sensor Missing/Failed.
  - viii. The CO Sensor Sounder Base shall be interchangeable with the CO Sensor 520Hz Sounder Base.
- c. Addressable CO Sensor 520 Hz Sounder Base
  - i. The CO Sensing element shall support operation with a 520 Hz Sounder base; the 520 Hz CO Sounder base shall provide temporal code 3 (TC3) for fire, or temporal code 4 (TC4) for toxic carbon monoxide alarms.
  - ii. Emitted tone shall be a 520Hz Square Wave signal in compliance with the requirements of the 2010 edition of NFPA 72 for sleeping areas.
  - iii. The CO Sensor 520Hz Sounder base shall be listed to UL 268 and UL464, Audible Signal Appliances.
  - iv. CO sensor shall provide enhanced fire detection with the addition of two selectable modes of operation: Nuisance Alarm Reduction Mode and Faster Fire Detection.
  - v. The CO Sensor 520 Hz Sounder Base shall include CO sensor element mounted in the sounder base which can be easily replaced without replacing the complete sensor base assembly.
  - vi. The CO Sensor 520 Hz Sounder base shall provide address selection in the base allowing the address to remain with its location when the sensor is removed for service or type change.
  - vii. The CO Sensor 520 Hz Sounder base shall include an integral red LED to indicate the power-on, trouble, test mode or alarm status.
  - viii. The CO Sensor 520 Hz Sounder base shall report the following CO Sensor troubles: Communication loss, Disabled, Almost Expired 12 Months, Almost Expired 6 Months, Expired (End of Life), and Sensor Missing/Failed.

- ix. The CO Sensor 520 Hz Sounder Base shall be interchangeable with the standard CO Sensor Sounder Base.

#### F. Addressable Multi-Point/Multi-Criteria Sensor

- a. Smoke and heat sensing shall be available to be combined in a single housing to provide smoke activity accurately monitored by photoelectric sensing technology and thermal activity accurately monitored by thermistor sensing technology.
- b. A correlation algorithm of smoke activity and thermal activity shall be provided for intelligent fire detection earlier than with either technology activity alone but shall provide software and programming capabilities to help reduce nuisance alarms.
- c. Individual sensor information shall be processed by the host fire alarm control unit to determine sensor status and to determine whether conditions are normal, off-normal, or alarm.
- d. Analog information from each sensor type shall be digitally communicated to the control panel where it is to be analyzed. Photoelectric sensor input is to be stored and tracked as an average value with an alarm or abnormal condition being determined by comparing the sensor's present value against its average value. Thermal data is to be processed to look for absolute or rate-of-rise temperature as desired.
- e. Monitoring each photoelectric sensor's average value shall provide a software filtering process that compensates for environmental factors (dust, dirt, etc.) and component aging, which shall provide an accurate reference for evaluating new activity. The intent of this process is to be a significant reduction in the probability of false or nuisance alarms caused by shifts in sensitivity, either up or down. Status indications of dirty and excessively dirty shall be automatically generated allowing maintenance to be performed on a per device basis.
- f. Peak activity per sensor shall be stored by the host fire alarm control unit to assist in evaluating specific locations where the alarm set point for each sensor shall be capable of being determined at the control panel, and selectable as more or less sensitive as the individual application requires.
- g. Alarm set points shall be programmed for timed automatic sensitivity selection (such as more sensitive at night, less sensitive during day). Control panel programming shall also provide multi-stage operation per sensor, for example a 0.2% level may cause a warning to prompt investigation while a 2.5% level may initiate an alarm.
- h. Combination smoke and heat sensors Rate-of-rise temperature characteristic shall be selectable at fire-alarm control unit for 15 or 20 deg F (8 or 11 deg C) per minute. The fixed-temperature sensing shall be independent of rate-of-rise sensing and shall be settable at fire-alarm control unit to operate at 135 or 155 deg F (57 or 68 deg C).
- i. Bases: CO Sensor, relay output, sounder, 520 Hz Sounder, and isolator bases shall be supported alternatives to the standard base.

#### G. Addressable Circuit Interface Modules

- a. Addressable Circuit Interface Modules: Arrange to monitor or control one or more system components that are not otherwise equipped for addressable communication. Modules shall be used for monitoring of Elevator recall control, waterflow, valve tamper, non-addressable devices, and for control of AHU systems.
- b. Addressable Circuit Interface Modules will be capable of mounting in a standard electric

outlet box. Modules will include cover plates to allow surface or flush mounting. Modules will receive their operating power from the signaling line circuit or a separate two wire pair running from an appropriate power supply, as required.

- c. There shall be the following types of modules:
  - i. Type 1: Monitor Circuit Interface Module:
    1. For conventional contact device monitoring with Class B or Class A wiring supervision. The supervision of the zone wiring will be Class B. This module will communicate status (normal, alarm, trouble) to the FACU.
  - ii. Type 2: Line Powered Monitor Circuit Interface Module
    1. This type of module is an individually addressable module that has both its power and its communications supplied by the two wire signaling line circuit. It provides location specific addressability to an initiating device by monitoring normally open dry contacts. This module shall have the capability of communicating four zone status conditions (normal, alarm, current limited, trouble) to the FACU.
    2. This module shall provide location specific addressability for up to five initiating devices by monitoring normally closed or normally open dry contact security devices. The module shall communicate four zone status conditions (open, normal, abnormal, and short). The two-wire signaling line circuit shall supply power and communications to the module.
  - iii. Type 3: Single Address Multi-Point Interface Modules
    1. This multipoint module shall provide location specific addressability for four initiating circuits and control two output relays from a single address. Inputs shall provide supervised monitoring of normally open, dry contacts and be capable of communicating four zone status conditions (normal, open, current limited, and short). The input circuits and output relay operation shall be controlled independently and disabled separately.
    2. This dual point module shall provide a supervised multi-state input and a relay output, using a single address. The input shall provide supervised monitoring of two normally open, dry contacts with a single point and be capable of communicating four zone status conditions (normal, open, current limited, and short). The two-wire signaling line circuit shall supply power and communications to the module.
    3. This dual point module shall monitor an unsupervised normally open, dry contact with one point and control an output relay with the other point, using a single address. The two-wire signaling line circuit shall supply power and communications to the module.
  - iv. Type 4: Line Powered Control Circuit Interface Module
    1. This module shall provide control and status tracking of a Form "C" contact. The two-wire signaling line circuit shall supply power and communications to the module.
  - v. Type 5: 4-20 mA Analog Monitor Circuit Interface Module
    1. This module shall communicate the status of a compatible 4-20 mA sensor to the FACU. The FACU shall annunciate up to three threshold

levels, each with custom action message; display and archive actual sensor analog levels; and permit sensor calibration date recording.

- d. All Circuit Interface Modules shall be supervised and uniquely identified by the control unit. Module identification shall be transmitted to the control unit for processing according to the program instructions. Modules shall have an on-board LED to provide an indication that the module is powered and communicating with the FACU. The LEDs shall provide a troubleshooting aid since the LED blinks on poll whenever the peripheral is powered and communicating.

## 2.5 Addressable Notification

### A. Addressable Alarm Notification Appliances

- a. Addressable Notification Appliances: The Contractor shall furnish and install Addressable Notification Appliances and accessories to operate on compatible signaling line circuits (SLC).
  - i. Addressable Notification appliance operation shall provide power, supervision and separate control of horns and strobes over a single pair of wires. The controlling channel (SLC) digitally communicates with each appliance and receives a response to verify the appliance's presence on the channel. The channel provides a digital command to control appliance operation. SLC channel wiring shall be unshielded twisted pair (UTP), with a capacitance rating of less than 60pf/ft and a minimum 3 twists (turns) per foot.
  - ii. All Notification Appliances shall operate as a completely independent device allowing for specific location alerting of both fire alarm and Mass Notification functions. Each visible device (both clear fire alarm and amber mass notification) shall be capable of operating on multiple notification zones or completely separate from all other notification devices, this allows "On the fly" program operation changes for Mass Notification alerting and fire alarm notification.
  - iii. All Notification Appliances shall operate as a completely independent device allowing for appliances in handicap accessible rooms and other locations to operate on the same SLC and to activate individually based on an alarm condition in a room or as part of a general alarm condition where all appliances activate together.
  - iv. Individual Notification Appliances shall be able to be grouped into zones (or operational groups) by central programming at the main fire alarm control unit.
  - v. Notification Appliances shall provide for "unobtrusive" testing. Each Notification Appliance shall be tested for audible and visible operation on an individual basis at the device or from the main fire alarm control unit, allowing for minimal invasive impact.
  - vi. Class B (Style 4) notification appliances shall be wired without requiring traditional in/out wiring methods; addressable "T" Tapping shall be permitted. Up to 127 addresses can be supported on a single channel.
  - vii. Each Addressable notification appliance shall contain an electronic module and a selectable address setting to allow it to occupy a unique location on the channel. This on-board module shall also allow the channel to perform appliance

diagnostics that assist with installation and subsequent test operations. A visible LED on each appliance shall provide verification of communications and shall flash with the appliances address setting when locally requested using a magnetic test tool.

- viii. Each addressable notification appliance shall have electrical test point access without removing the device cover.
- ix. Both wall mount and ceiling mount devices shall be available.
- b. Addressable Visible/Only: Addressable strobe shall be listed to UL 1971. The V/O device shall consist of a xenon flash tube and associated lens/reflector system, cover and mounting plate. For ease of installation the mounting plate shall mount directly to standard single gang, double gang or 4" square electrical box, without the use of special adapters or trim rings. When the appliance is connected to an active circuit, the front cover of the appliance shall be removable without causing a trouble indication on the fire alarm control unit. Appliances shall be wired with UTP conductors, having a minimum of 3 twists per foot. The V/O appliance shall be provided with multiple minimum flash intensities of 15cd, 30cd, 75cd, 110cd, 135cd and 185cd. The Candela levels shall be settable from the fire alarm control unit or by using a hardware selector on the appliance.
- c. Addressable Weatherproof Visible Only: Addressable weatherproof strobe shall be UL 1971 listed for indoor applications with strobe intensity selectable as 15 or 75 cd or UL 1638 listed for outdoor applications with strobe rated at 75 cd (WP75) or 185 cd (WP185). The appliances shall be acceptable for indoor and outdoor, extended temperature and extended humidity applications. The V/O device shall consist of a xenon flash tube and associated lens/reflector system, weatherproof cover and weatherproof mounting box. The V/O appliance shall be provided with multiple minimum flash intensities of 15, 75, WP 75, or WP 185 candela. The Candela levels shall be settable from the fire alarm control unit or by using a hardware selector on the appliance.
- d. Addressable Speaker: Addressable Speaker notification appliances shall be listed to UL 1480. Individual device level supervision and activation control shall be provided by the fire alarm control unit.
  - i. Speakers shall be individually powered, addressed, and controlled from a compatible fire alarm control unit Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) using Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable and T-taps shall be allowed for Class B installation reducing wiring costs and wiring distances. Shielded cable shall not be required.
  - ii. Speakers shall provide for Fire Alarm and General Signaling functionality in a single unit, eliminating additional devices. Device "Self-Test" shall be supported by a compatible fire alarm control unit and shall be UL listed and NFPA 72 compliant. Speakers shall be UL listed to provide a 520Hz audio tone in compliance with NFPA 72 for sleeping areas.
  - iii. The speaker audio shall be provided by a standard 25VRMS or 70.7VRMS audio circuit using Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable and T-taps shall be allowed for Class B installation reducing wiring costs and wiring distances. Supervision of this circuit shall be provided by the addressable speaker. Shielded cable shall

- not be required.
- iv. Speaker power taps shall be at a minimum of 0.25W, 0.50W, 1.0W and 2.0W. At the 1.0W tap, the speaker shall have a minimum UL rated sound pressure level of 86dBA at 10 feet for the Standard Output version and 84dBA at 10 feet for the High Fidelity version.
  - v. Speakers shall be available in either "Standard Output" with a minimum frequency response of 400 to 4000 Hz or in "High Fidelity Output" with a minimum frequency response of 200 to 10,000 Hz. Standard Output speakers shall use a multi-tapped speaker for audio/tone notification.
  - vi. Wall mount appliances shall be available in White and Red and ceiling mount appliances shall be available in White, Red, and Black. Labeling shall be available as either "FIRE", "ALERT" or no labeling.
  - vii. The speaker shall install directly to a 4" square, 2 1/8" deep electrical box. Extensions for these boxes shall not be required. Units shall be modular in design to allow for easy installation and for easy changing of device color and labeling.
- e. Addressable Speaker/Visible: Combination Speaker/Visible (S/V) units combine the speaker and visible functions into a common housing. The S/V shall be listed to UL 1971 and UL 1480. Addressable functionality controls visible operation, while the speaker shall operate on a 25VRMS or 70.7VRMS NAC.
- i. Operational functions and features of Addressable Speaker above shall apply to this section. Operational functions and features of Addressable Strobe above shall apply to this section.
  - ii. Wall mount appliances shall be available in White and Red and ceiling mount appliances shall be available in White, Red, and Black. Labeling shall be available as either "FIRE", "ALERT" or no labeling.
  - iii. The speaker shall install directly to a 4" square, 2 1/8" deep electrical box. Extensions for these boxes shall not be required. Units shall be modular in design to allow for easy installation and for easy changing of device color and labeling
- f. Isolator Module: Isolator module provides short circuit isolation for addressable notification appliance SLC wiring. Isolator shall be listed to UL 864. The Isolator shall mount directly to a minimum 2 1/8" deep, standard 4" square electrical box, without the use of special adapter or trim rings. Power and communications shall be supplied by the Addressable Controller channel SLC; dual port design shall accept communications and power from either port and shall automatically isolate one port from the other when a short circuit occurs. The following functionality shall be included in the Isolator module:
- i. Report faults to the host FACU.
  - ii. On-board Yellow LED provides module status.
  - iii. After the wiring fault is repaired, the Isolator modules shall test the lines and automatically restore the connection.
- g. Accessories: The contractor shall furnish the necessary accessories.

## 2.6 Magnetic Door Holders

- A. Description: Units shall be listed to UL 228. Units are equipped for wall or floor mounting as indicated and are complete with matching door plate. Unit shall operate from a 120VAC, a 24VAC or a 24VDC source, and develop a minimum of 25 lbs. holding force.
- B. Material and Finish: Match door hardware.

## 2.7 Remote LCD Annunciator

- A. Provide remote LCD Annunciators, with the same "look and feel" as the FACU operator interface. The Remote LCD Annunciator shall use the same Primary Acknowledge, Silence, and Reset Keys; Status LEDs and LCD Display as the FACU.
- B. Annunciator shall have super-twist LCD display with two lines of 40 characters each. Annunciator shall be provided with four (4) programmable control switches and associated LEDs.
- C. Under normal conditions the LCD shall display a "SYSTEM IS NORMAL" message and the current time and date.
- D. Should an abnormal condition be detected the appropriate LED (Alarm, Supervisory or Trouble) shall flash. The unit audible signal shall pulse for alarm conditions and sound steady for trouble and supervisory conditions.
- E. The LCD shall display the following information relative to the abnormal condition of a point in the system:
  - a. 40 character custom location label.
  - b. Type of device (e.g., smoke, pull station).
  - c. Point status (e.g., alarm, trouble).
- F. Operator keys shall be key switch enabled to prevent unauthorized use. The key shall only be removable in the disabled position. Acknowledge, Silence and Reset operation shall be the same as the FACU.

## 2.8 Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter

- A. Digital alarm communicator transmitter shall be acceptable to the remote central station and shall comply with UL 632 and be listed and labeled by an NRTL.
- B. Functional Performance: Unit shall receive an alarm, supervisory, or trouble signal from fire-alarm control unit and automatically capture two telephone line(s) and dial a preset number for a remote central station. When contact is made with central station(s), signals shall be transmitted. If service on either line is interrupted for longer than 45 seconds, transmitter shall initiate a local trouble signal and transmit the signal indicating loss of telephone line to the remote alarm receiving station over the remaining line. Transmitter shall automatically report telephone service restoration to the central station. If service is lost on both telephone lines, transmitter shall initiate the local trouble signal.
- C. Local functions and display at the digital alarm communicator transmitter shall include the following:
  - a. Verification that both telephone lines are available.
  - b. Programming device.
  - c. LED display.
  - d. Manual test report function and manual transmission clear indication.
  - e. Communications failure with the central station or fire-alarm control unit.

- D. Digital data transmission shall include the following:
  - a. Address of the alarm-initiating device.
  - b. Address of the supervisory signal.
  - c. Address or loss of power.
  - d. Low battery.
  - e. Abnormal test signal.
  - f. Communication bus failure.
- E. Secondary Power: Integral rechargeable battery and automatic charger.
- F. Self-Test: Conducted automatically every 24 hours with report transmitted to central station.

## 2.9 Device Guards

- A. Description: Welded wire mesh of size and shape for the manual station, smoke detector, gong, or other device requiring protection.
  - a. Factory fabricated and furnished by manufacturer of device.
  - b. Finish: Paint of color to match the protected device.

## Part 3 - Execution

### 3.1 Installation, General

- A. Install system components and all associated devices in accordance with applicable NFPA Standards and manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Installation personnel shall be supervised by persons who are qualified and experienced in the installation, inspection, and testing of fire alarm systems. Examples of qualified personnel shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - a. Factory trained and certified personnel.
  - b. National Institute of Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET) fire alarm level II certified personnel.
  - c. Personnel licensed or certified by state or local authority.

### 3.2 Equipment Installation

- A. Furnish and install a complete Fire Alarm System as described herein and as shown on the plans. Include sufficient control unit(s), annunciator(s), manual stations, automatic fire detectors, smoke detectors, audible and visible notification appliances, wiring, terminations, electrical boxes, Ethernet drops, and all other necessary material for a complete operating system.
- B. Existing Fire Alarm Equipment shall be maintained fully operational until the new equipment has been tested and accepted.
- C. Equipment Removal: After acceptance of the new fire alarm system, disconnect and remove the existing fire alarm equipment and restore damaged surfaces. Package operational fire alarm and detection equipment that has been removed and deliver to the Owner. Remove from the site and legally dispose of the remainder of the existing material.
- D. Water-Flow and Valve Supervisory Switches: Connect for each sprinkler valve required to be supervised.
- E. Device Location-Indicating Lights: Locate in the public space immediately adjacent to the



device they monitor.

- F. Install manual station with operating handle 48 inches (1.22 m) above floor. Install wall mounted audible and visual notification appliances not less than 80 inches (2.03 m) above floor to bottom of lens and not greater than 96 inches (2.44 m) above floor to bottom of lens.
- G. Mount outlet box for electric door holder to withstand 80 pounds pulling force.
- H. Make conduit and wiring connections to door release devices, sprinkler flow switches, sprinkler valve tamper switches, and duct smoke detectors.
- I. Automatic Detector Installation: Conform to NFPA 72.
- J. Ethernet Drop: A standard RJ-45 Ethernet connection to the owner's Ethernet network shall be provided at each fire alarm control unit as part of the contract.

### 3.3 Connections

- A. For fire-protection systems related to doors in fire-rated walls and partitions and to doors in smoke partitions, comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware." Connect hardware and devices to fire-alarm system.
  - a. Verify that hardware and devices are NRTL listed for use with fire-alarm system in this Section before making connections.
  - b. Make addressable connections with a supervised interface device to the following devices and systems. Install the interface device less than 3 feet (1 m) from the device controlled. Make an addressable confirmation connection when such feedback is available at the device or system being controlled.
    - i. Alarm-initiating connection to smoke-control system (smoke management) at firefighter smoke-control system panel.
    - ii. Alarm-initiating connection to stairwell and elevator-shaft pressurization systems.
    - iii. Smoke dampers in air ducts of designated air-conditioning duct systems.
    - iv. Alarm-initiating connection to elevator recall system and components.
    - v. Alarm-initiating connection to activate emergency lighting control.
    - vi. Alarm-initiating connection to activate emergency shut offs for gas and fuel supplies.
    - vii. Supervisory connections at valve supervisory switches.
    - viii. Supervisory connections at low-air-pressure switch of each dry-pipe sprinkler system.
    - ix. Supervisory connections at elevator shunt trip breaker.
    - x. Supervisory connections at fire-pump power failure including a dead-phase or phase-reversal condition.
    - xi. Supervisory connections at fire-pump engine control panel.

### 3.4 Wiring Installation

- A. System Wiring: Wire and cable shall be a type listed for its intended use by an approval agency acceptable to the Authority Having Jurisdiction and shall be installed in accordance with the appropriate articles from the current approved edition of NFPA 70: National Electric Code (NEC).
- B. Contractor shall obtain from the Fire Alarm System Manufacturer written instruction regarding the appropriate wire/cable to be used for this installation. No deviation from the written

instruction shall be made by the Contractor without the prior written approval of the Fire Alarm System Manufacturer.

- C. Color Coding: Color-code fire alarm conductors differently from the normal building power wiring. Use one color code for alarm initiating device circuits wiring and a different color code for supervisory circuits. Color-code notification appliance circuits differently from alarm-initiating circuits. Paint fire alarm system junction boxes and covers red.
- D. Ethernet Circuits:
  - a. Ethernet circuits shall be provided to the Fire Alarm Control Unit as shown on the plans.
  - b. Where a dedicated Fire Alarm Ethernet LAN is specified only Agency Listed Fire Alarm Ethernet hardware shall be installed.
  - c. The electrical contractor shall coordinate and ensure proper Ethernet connections occur at the fire alarm control unit and other designated equipment locations prior to system turnover.

### 3.5 Identification

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Install framed instructions in a location visible from fire-alarm control unit.

### 3.6 Grounding

- A. Ground fire-alarm control unit and associated circuits; comply with IEEE 1100. Install a ground wire from main service ground to fire-alarm control unit.

### 3.7 Field Quality Control

- A. Manufacturer's Field Services: Provide services of a factory-authorized service representative to supervise the field assembly and connection of components and the pretesting, testing, and adjustment of the system.
- B. Service personnel shall be qualified and experienced in the inspection, testing, and maintenance of fire alarm systems. Examples of qualified personnel shall be permitted to include, but shall not be limited to, individuals with the following qualifications:
  - a. Factory trained and certified.
  - b. National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET) fire alarm certified.
  - c. International Municipal Signal Association (IMSA) fire alarm certified.
  - d. Certified by a state or local authority.
  - e. Trained and qualified personnel employed by an organization listed by a national testing laboratory for the servicing of fire alarm systems.
- C. Pretesting: Determine, through pretesting, the conformance of the system to the requirements of the Drawings and Specifications. Correct deficiencies observed in pretesting. Replace malfunctioning or damaged items with new and retest until satisfactory performance and conditions are achieved.
- D. Inspection:
  - a. Inspect equipment installation, interconnection with system devices, mounting locations, and mounting methods.

- b. Verify that units and controls are properly installed, connected, and labeled and that interconnecting wires and terminals are identified.
- E. Acceptance Operational Tests:
  - a. Perform operational system tests to verify conformance with specifications:
    - i. Each alarm initiating device installed shall be operationally tested. Each device shall be tested for alarm and trouble conditions. Contractor shall submit a written certification that the Fire Alarm System installation is complete including all punch-list items. Test battery operated emergency power supply. Test emergency power supply to minimum durations specified. Test Supervising Station Signal Transmitter. Coordinate testing with Supervising Station monitoring firm/entity.
    - ii. Test each Notification Appliance installed for proper operation. Submit written report indicating sound pressure levels at specified distances.
    - iii. Test Fire Alarm Control Unit and Remote Annunciator.
  - b. Provide minimum 10 days' notice of acceptance test performance schedule to Owner, and local Authority Having Jurisdiction.
- F. Retesting: Correct deficiencies indicated by tests and completely retest work affected by such deficiencies. Verify by the system test that the total system meets the Specifications and complies with applicable standards.
- G. Report of Tests and Inspections: Provide a written record of inspections, tests, and detailed test results in the form of a test log. Use NFPA 72 Forms for documentation.
- H. Final Test, Record of Completion, and Certificate of Occupancy.
  - a. Test the system as required by the Authority Having Jurisdiction in order to obtain a certificate of occupancy. Provide completed NFPA 72 Record of Completion form to Owner and AHJ.

### 3.8 Demonstration

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain fire-alarm system.

### 3.9 Training

- A. Provide the services of a factory-authorized service representative to demonstrate the system and train Owner's maintenance personnel as specified below.
  - a. Train Owner's maintenance personnel in the procedures and schedules involved in operating, troubleshooting, servicing, and preventive maintaining of the system. Provide a minimum of 8 hours' training.
  - b. Schedule training with the Owner at least seven days in advance.

## Project Parameters

- 1. Definitions: The terms defined in this section shall, for all purposes of this Request for Proposal, shall have the meaning herein specified.
  - a. Furnish: To supply, deliver, unload, and inspect for damage.
  - b. Install: To unpack, assemble, erect, apply, place, finish, cure, protect, clean, start-up, and make ready for use.

- c. Product: Material, machinery, components, equipment, fixtures, and systems forming the work result. Not materials or equipment used for preparation, fabrication, conveying, or erection and not incorporated into the work result. Products may be new, never used, or re-used materials or equipment.
  - d. Provide: To furnish and install.
  - e. Supply: Same as Furnish.
2. Work: The Work consists of furnishing all means, methods, labor, materials, tools, equipment, transportation and services per the Request for Proposal.
  3. Requirements: These requirements are intended to further describe the project and highlight critical details. In no event shall any lack of detail in this document be construed to undermine the requirement for a quality installation. Bidders shall familiarize themselves with all aspects of the site and of the project and will anticipate all contingencies relative to the local conditions under which the project will be performed. Submission of a proposal will constitute the bidder's acknowledgment and certification of having adequate knowledge of specific site conditions to successfully perform the tasks involved in implementing the project as described.
    - a. All work per RFP documents either directly or by reference shall be on a design build delivery method. It is the contractor's responsibility to include all costs and be responsible for a complete functional system including engineering and submittal drawings. Contractor shall be allowed to use other subcontractors for these scopes of work but shall provide the name of the lower tier alternate subcontractor and list them in the "Subcontractors/Vendors" section of the proposal form.
    - b. Documentation, Permits and Fees:
      - i. Include permits and inspections or any other related fees associated with scope of work.
      - ii. Provide technical documentation manuals, written warranties, As-Build plans, operating procedures, training manuals, etc. that are required for the system(s).
  4. Wisconsin Use and Sales Tax:
    - a. This is a tax-exempt project. Exclude all applicable Wisconsin Use and Sale taxes.
  5. State Prevailing Wage Law:
    - a. 2015 Wisconsin Act 55 (the budget bill) repeals the state prevailing wage law. Prevailing wage rates will not apply for any work as part of this RFP.
  6. Bonds:
    - a. Provide cost to obtain and maintain performance and payment bonds
    - b. Bid security (guarantee or bond) and bid bond are not required
  7. Insurance:

During the life of the contract, the successful Contractor(s) providing equipment and services shall obtain and keep in force comprehensive general and professional liability insurance, including coverage for death, bodily or personal injury, property damage, including liability and automobile coverages, with limits being noted.

Contractor agrees to procure and maintain in full force and effect Worker's Compensation Insurance to the extent required by law.

Contractor shall furnish proof of such insurance for Worker's Compensation and

comprehensive general and professional liability insurance, upon request.

#### 8. Implementation and Work Areas:

Pricing to be a turnkey price which includes all subcontractors required to accomplish the work. These would include, but not limited to:

- i. Most of the work is to occur first shift, (defined as 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.), Monday-Friday during the months of June through August. Contractors may be able to start work before June and/or Saturday work and 2nd shift work if pre-approved by the School District.
- ii. Work areas are to be kept clean and free of hazardous materials. Areas to be broom cleaned daily.
- iii. District intends to continue to occupy the existing building during the entire construction period. Cooperate with the School District to minimize conflict and to facilitate District's operations.
- iv. Schools maintain the highest level of decency. Profanity, music, smoking, improper dress (including offensive logos, promotes alcohol or tobacco, promotes firearms, excessively dirty cloths, etc.) will not be tolerated. District may define this standard and it may vary from school to school.
- v. Schedule the Work to accommodate the District's access and occupancy.
- vi. Keep all exits required by code open during construction period; provide temporary exit signs if exit routes are temporarily altered.
- vii. Do not obstruct roadways, sidewalks, or other public ways without permit.
- viii. Taking all precautions necessary to ensure that school facilities and equipment are protected from vandalism and theft during the time that work is being performed at the site(s).

#### 9. Materials:

- i. All materials and product information shall be submitted to the School District in advance, for approval.
- ii. FOB destination
- iii. Staging of materials will be permitted only in the area of phase where work is being constructed or in areas assigned by District and the Performance Contractor.
- iv. All materials shall be protected by Contractor from damage during delivery, storage and handling and after installation until acceptance of the work by District and the Performance Contractor.
- v. Provide O&M manuals at the completion of the project.

#### 10. Installation:

- i. All work shall be plumb, square, and level.
- ii. Penetrations should be properly caulked and/or sealed on the interior and exterior. Attention to detail shall be given to provide an aesthetically appealing finished product both inside and outside of the building.
- iii. Contractor may not use any District's equipment such as ladders, vacuum cleaners, brooms, trashcans, computers, network equipment, dumpsters, etc.

without prior written approval from the School District.

- iv. Include repairing any surface damaged during implementation of new work. The School District will perform any painting required.

11. Demolition:

- i. Contractor shall be responsible for removal and disposal of any construction debris resulting from their respective Work Package. Contractor shall be responsible for all dumpster and disposal costs.
- ii. Removal and disposing of all asbestos-containing materials shall be by District and in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
- iii. Moving, relocation and replacement of any bookshelves, boxes, education supplies, materials, etc. that would encumber the installation of this system shall be performed by the School District.
- iv. Take necessary precautions to protect existing finishes. When working on or above gym floors, flooring is to be protected by a minimum of canvas tarp and 3/4" plywood. Any damage to existing finishes to be the responsibility of contractor to repair or replace as directed by the School District.

**Payment**

Payment terms shall be net 60 days. Payment of invoices will be processed promptly by the District for items received in accordance with the RFP. Payment shall not preclude the School District from making a claim for adjustment on any item or service later found not to have been in accordance with the conditions of this RFP. Payment will be made on an adjusted price basis for any service or items used or accepted from a delivery later found to be inferior. Partial payments on a total order will be made only by a special arrangement with the School District.

Respondents who wish to quote a discount for early payment against a purchase order may do so (reference the payment terms of the Pricing Document). For example: 1%/10 days. Discounts will be taken into consideration when evaluating costs.